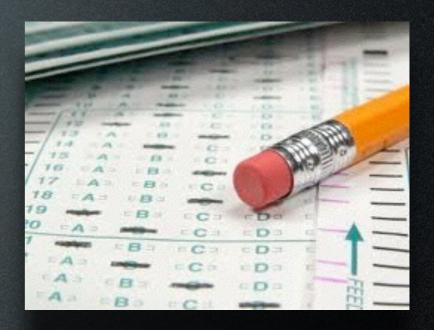
Getting Psyched for DBS

Demystifying the DBS Psychological Evaluation

Joe Barsuglia, M.A., Doctoral Psychology Intern USC Keck School of Medicine, Neurology Department Graduate Student at Fuller Graduate School of Psychology, Pasadena

1) Getting Psyched

- Why psychological testing?
- The testing process
- Recommendations/Feedback



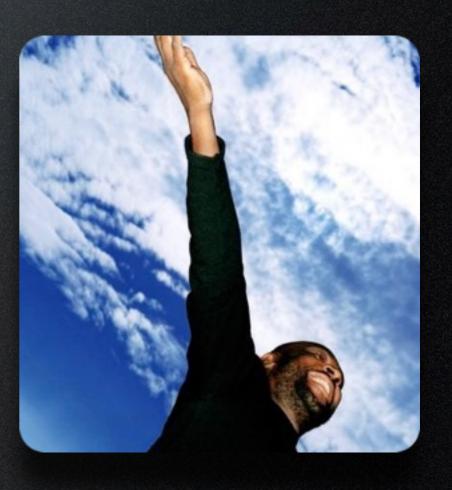
2) Becoming Psyched

• Increasing:

Education, social support, & emotional well-being

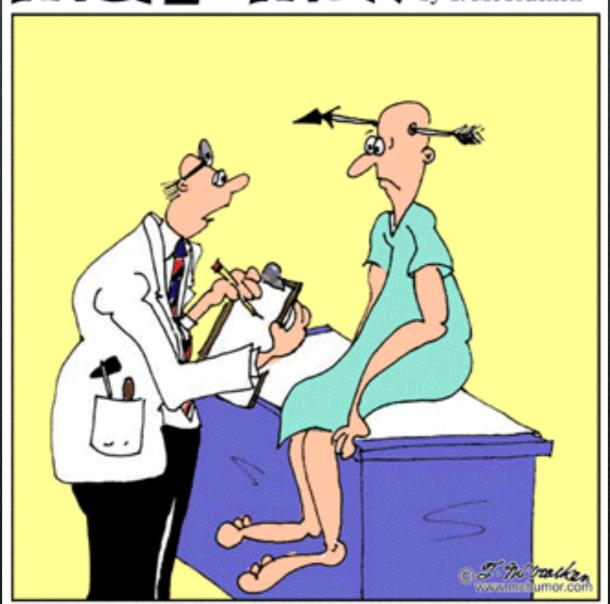
• Decreasing:

Stress, depression, anxiety, & unrealistic expectations



Why Psych. Testing for DBS?

MCHUMOR by T. McCracken



"Off hand, I'd say you're suffering from an arrow through your head, but just to play it safe, I'm ordering a bunch of tests."

Why Psych. Testing for DBS?

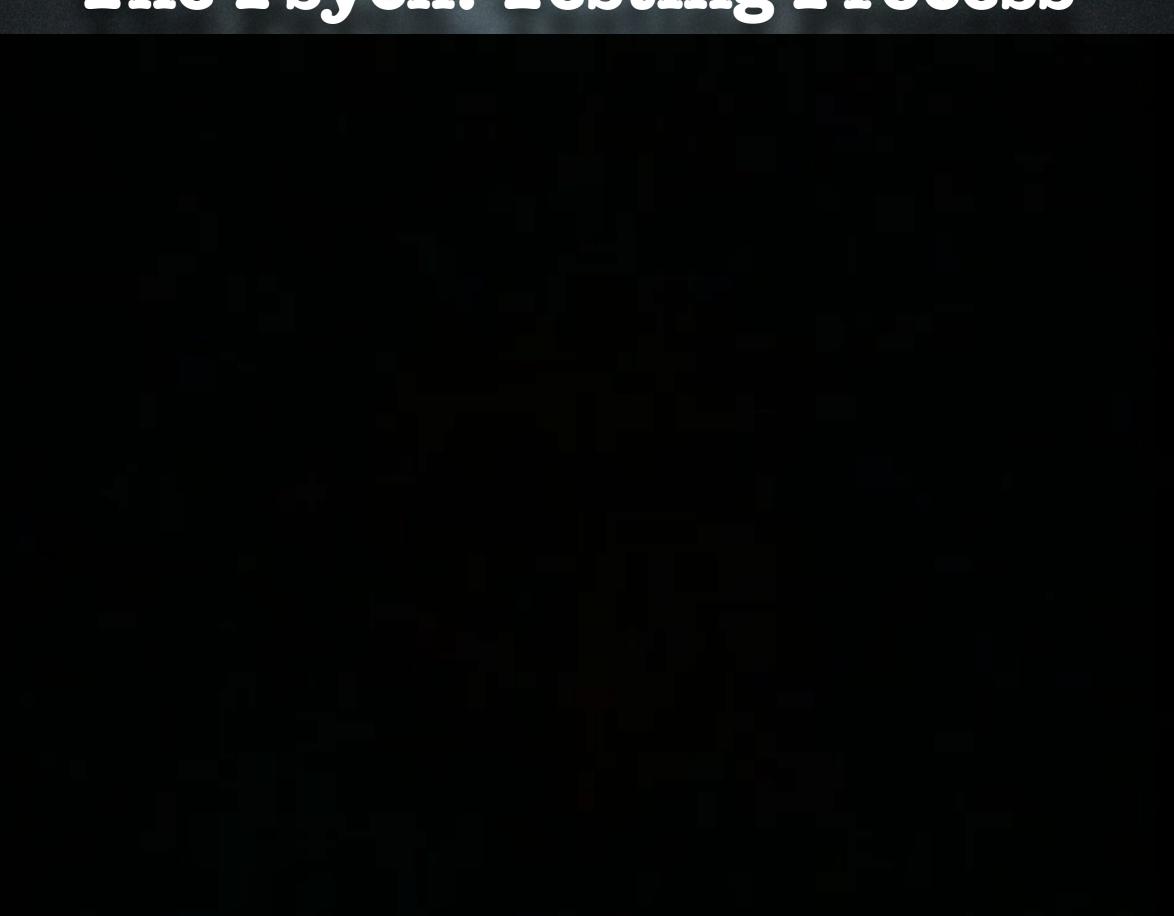
Psychological testing now used as part of a variety of medical procedures:

- 1. Surgical transplantation: Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, Heart
- 2. Pain pump implantation in chronic pain
- 3. Bariatric Surgery (lap band, gastric bypass)

Why Psych. Testing for DBS?

Useful for assessing:

- Knowledge of benefits and risks of procedure
- Expectations
- Pre-existing mental health issues
- Coping ability
- Post-surgery support
- Communicate findings to team
- Goal is **NOT** to deny treatment, but prepare



Consists of:

- 1 hour interview covering:
 - History, expectations, coping, support, etc.

2 hours testing:

- Self-report questionnaires, true/false, complete sentences, rating scales
- Assess stress, anxiety, depression, disclosure
- Interpersonal/social functioning
- Scientifically sound tests widely used in medical settings

SAMPLE TEST

Knowledge of Benefits & Risks:

Benefits:

- Typically improves tremor, rigidity, bradykinesia, and dyskinesia
- Typically does not improve gait, balance, speech, and cognition

Risks:

- Skin erosion, wire migration, hardware infection, or battery failure
- Lack of efficacy
- Behavioral changes (depression, anxiety)

Realistic Expectations:

Motor symptoms: 98% report improvement 2% no change

Activities of daily living: 97% report improvement 3% no change

Need for PD medications: 92% report improvement 8% no change

Depressive symptoms: 83% report improvement
14% no change
2% report worsening

Cognitive functioning: 31% report improvement 57% no change 12% report worsening

Pooled Analysis (meta-analysis) - Appleby, Duggan, Regenberg, & Rabins (2007)

Pre-existing Mental Health Issues:

- Surgery is generally deferred in patients with unstable psychiatric conditions until their symptoms have been adequately managed.
- History of pre-PD depression associated with greater and depression and anxiety post-DBS.
- Pre-DBS depression associated with less improvement in motor functioning. (Schrag, et al. 2000)
- Case study of risk of suicide when lowering the frequency of the stimulation (Klepac et al, 2009)

Overlap of Depression & PD symptoms

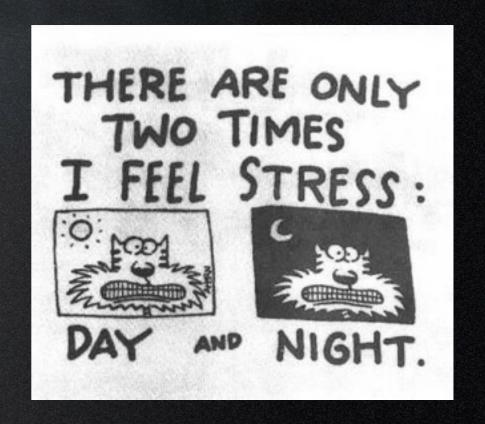
- S Sleep
- I Interest in activities
- G Guilt
- E Energy
- C Concentration
- A Appetite
- P Psychomotor functioning
- S Suicidality

Overlap of Depression & PD symptoms

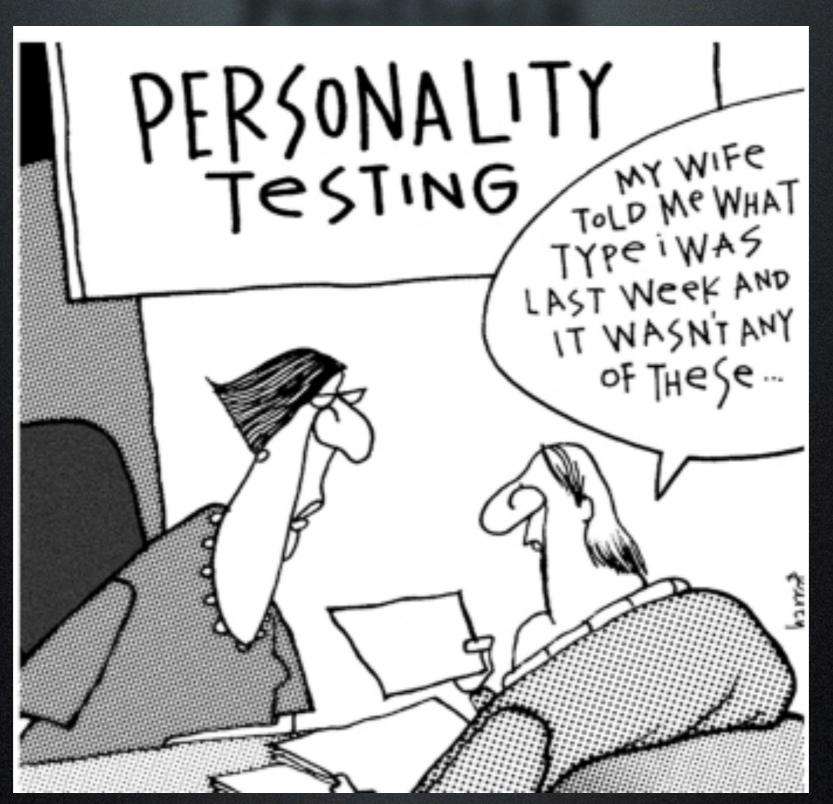
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Coping:

- How do you deal with stress?
- During off periods how do you cope?
- What strategies or resources do you rely upon?
- Who is your support system?



Recommendations & Feedback



Recommendations & Feedback

30 minute session:

- Review areas of concern and reinforce supports/strengths
- Referrals to USC social work, counseling, support groups, members of USC DBS team
- Stress reduction
- Expand coping skills
- Increase social support



EDUCATION

Knowledge is power!



SOCIAL SUPPORT

No one is an island!



EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING

Start feeling good now!



Lighten your load!

DEPRESSION/ ANXIETY

Getting past the clouds!

UNREALISTIC EXPECTATIONS

Living in the real world!

Education

Attending this group!

Talk to physicians & team

Utilize reliable sources



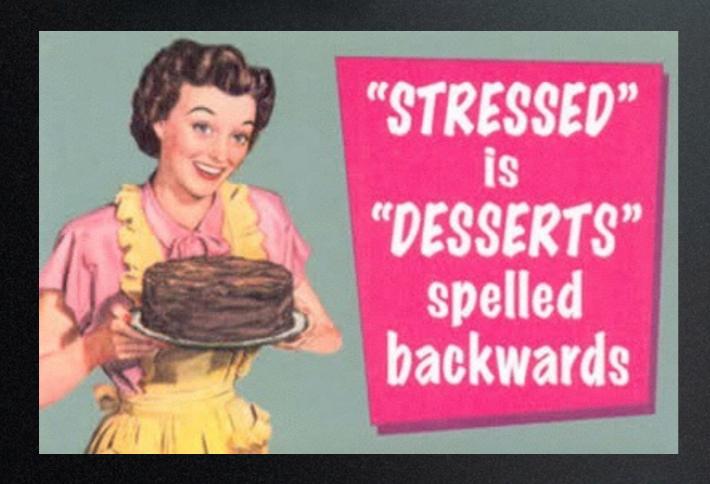






Well-Being

Find pleasure & meaning
Practice self-care
Get therapy





Social Support

Reach out to others

Share your thoughts, feelings & needs

Make amends



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